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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	-CONFIRMATION-NO
09/875,823	06/05/2001	John C. Hiserodt	IRVN001DIV2	8672
24353	7590 06/03/2003			
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200 MIDDLEFIELD RD SUITE 200			YAEN, CHRISTOPHER H	
MENLO PAR	K, CA 94025		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1642	a
		· ·	DATE MAILED: 06/03/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	3	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/875,823	HISERODT ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Christopher H Yaen	1642			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status	Pagagorius to communication(s) filed on 11 A	Aarah 2002				
1)⊠						
2a)⊠	,—		roccoution as to the marite is			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
•	4) Claim(s) 31-78 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>31-78</u> is/are rejected.					
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
10)	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
11) 🗆 -	The proposed drawing correction filed on					
,	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep		Stea by the Examinen			
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			
S. Patent and Tr	ademark Office					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. The amendment filed 3/11/2003 (paper no. 18) is acknowledged and entered into the record. Accordingly, no claims have been canceled and claims 61-78 are newly added.
- 2. Therefore, claims 31-78 are pending and examined on the record.

Claim Rejections Withdrawn - 35 USC § 112, 2nd paragraph

3. The rejection of claims 34, 38-44, 48,50, 59 under 35 USC 112, 2nd paragraph is withdrawn.

Claim Rejections Withdrawn - 35 USC § 102

4. The rejection of claims 31-33,36,38,40,46-49,50,52-55, and 57-60 under 35 USC 102(a) is withdrawn in view of the arguments presented by the applicant.

Claim Rejection Maintained - 35 USC § 112, 1st paragraph

5. The rejection of claims 31-60 and now newly added claims 61-78 under 35 USC 112, 1st paragraph is maintained for the reasons of record. Applicant argues that the construction of a cell that expresses a membrane-associated cytokine is spelled out and is easily accomplished from the disclosure of the instant application and from a reference filed post filing of the instant application. However, applicant's arguments are not on point to the arguments presented by the examiner. The Office Action mailed 10/3/2002 raised issues of unpredictability in the field. The applicant has not addressed the issues concerning the effects of fusing a cytokine to a membrane and has only addressed the "making aspects" of the rejection. The response filed 3/11/2003 has not specifically address the "using" aspects of the invention so that one of skill in the art can

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be enabled to "use" the instant invention. The fusion of two different proteins and the coupling of a protein to a cell surface is a well established technique in the art, but the use of a cancer cell expressing a recombinant cytokine fused to its surface has not been taught.

Claim Rejections Maintained - 35 USC § 102

The rejection of claims 31-33, 35, 38, 40, 47, 48, 50, 54-55, 57-60, and now 6. newly added claims 63-65, 67, 69, 72, and 75-78 under 35 USC 102(a) is maintained for the reasons of record. Applicant argues that the inventors of the instant application and the authors of the prior art reference were collaborator and therefore the reference cited does not qualify as a 102(a) reference. Applicant also argues that the nature of the invention and that disclosed by Jadus et al are different. Applicant's arguments are not found persuasive. The legal standard for using a reference as a prior art reference under 35 USC 102(a) is that the reference must be disclosed by "another," before the earliest priority date claimed by the instant application. Regardless of the working relationship established between the inventors of the instant invention and the authors of the prior art reference, the reference cited is by "another" and before the priority date established by the applicant, thereby validating the reference as a legitimate 102(a) reference. With regards to the content of the disclosed reference, Judas et al clearly discloses the use of a cell line that has been recombinantly modified to express the membrane bound form of M-CSF, called mM-CSF. Although the cell line used, namely the T9 cells, were indeed used only for in vitro studies, there was another cell line the NBXFO that are cancer derived that could be used for administration. Furthermore,

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Jadus et al contemplates that therapeutic approaches using mM-CSF in transfected tumor cells could provide for a useful method of stimulating a system immune response to cancers.

New Arguments

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 7. Claims 31-78 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 8. With regard to claims 31, 44, 45, 50, 72, and dependent claims thereof in the recitation of the term "inactivated", it is unclear as to the intended meaning of this term.

 Does the applicant intend for the cell to be dead, or does the applicant intend for the cell to be a ghost cell which is essentially used for it structural features?

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein

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were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 31-33, 36, 38, 40,46-50, 52-60, 63-65, 67, 69, 72-73, and 75-78 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jadus *et al.* (Blood 1996 June;87(12):5232-5241). Claims are drawn to a method comprising the administration of a cell recombinantly expressing a cytokine, M-CSF, associated with the outer membrane wherein the cell is inactivated and also expresses TAAs. The claims are also drawn to a method wherein the method stimulates an immune response.

Jadus *et al* discusses the role of macrophage activation when in the presence of cells expressing a membrane bound form of M-CSF. Jadus *et al* further teaches the use of a cancer cell line, which presumably in the absence of evidence to the contrary would also have on its surface TAAs. And lastly, Jadus *et al* specifically states that the use of tumor cells expressing membrane bound forms of M-CSF would be killed by macrophages and then subsequently be turned into antigen presenting cells that would allow the stimulation of an immune response.

Therefore, it would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to stimulate an anti-cancer response by administering a tumor cell expressing on its surface a membrane bound cytokine and a tumor associated antigen because Jadus *et al* has taught all the elements of the

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invention. One would have been motivated because Jadus *et al* has already taught the construction of a cell that has on its surface both a membrane bound cytokine, mM-CSF, and a TAA. Jadus *et al* then points the applicant in the direction of the instant invention wherein Jadus *et al* states that tumor cell lines that express mM-CSF would be able to reduce tumor burden because first macrophages would attack the tumor and then the tumor cell line itself would become the antigen presenting cell wherein a systemic immune response to the cancer would be established (see page 5239 1st column). One of skill would have expected a reasonable amount of success in the method because the in vitro data generated by Jadus *et al* substantiates the role mCSF transfected cells have in generating an anti-tumor response.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher H Yaen whose telephone number is 703-305-3586. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Caputa can be reached on 703-308-3995. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-4242 for regular communications and 703-305-3014 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0196.

Christopher Yaen Art Unit 1642 June 2, 2003

ANTHONY C. CAPUTA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600